

# **Special Purpose Hypertonic Arterial Fluid with Entrone**

SPECIALIST is a hypertonic formaldehyde arterial fluid suitable for use in extreme situations requiring thorough preservation and definite firmness with a maximum dehydration effect. Difficult cases such as edema, dropsy, swollen bodies, or advanced decomposition respond well to SPECIALIST. Special buffers and hypertonic penetrating agents make it possible to obtain maximum tissue fixation and fluid distribution with enhanced drainage. The hypertonic agents present in SPECIALIST reduce the amount of tissue moisture in the body to the maximum extent possible. SPECIALIST should never be used for normal cases.



## Notes:

- A A value assigned to all Champion fluids ranking them on the basis of preservative ability using recommended dilutions in normal cases. The Champion Preservative Factor is not index but can equal it in certain fluids. It is derived from the total chemical composition of each fluid and results of extensive field research. The Champion Preservative Factor can be used by the embalmer to predict the reactivity, preservative value and firming action of Champion fluids.
- B Add Champion Coloro Dyes as needed to achieve desired cosmetic effect.
- 1 For proper water conditioning and pH balance to maximize fluid efficiency.
- 2 For sanitizing action in solution and improved fluid action in all non-glutaraldehyde based fluids.
- 3 Embalmer should adjust quantity used according to severity of case and fluid action required. For tissue gas use at maximum rate of 16 oz.
- 4 For increased aldehyde action with improved preservation and sanitation. In cases of tissue gas use at rate of 8 oz. Tri-San per gallon.

## BEFORE USING, READ SAFETY DATA SHEET. FOR PROFESSIONAL EMBALMING USE ONLY.



### Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012) Date of issue: 05/27/2015 Version: 1.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking **Product identifier** 1.1. : SPECIALIST Trade name Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2. Use of the substance/mixture : Arterial Embalming Fluid Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet 1.3. THE CHAMPION COMPANY 400 Harrison Street Springfield, Ohio 45505 Telephone No. (937) 324-5681 1.4. **Emergency telephone number** : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 (Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure or Accident) Emergency number **SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Liq. 4	H227
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	H332
Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Carc. 1A	H350
STOT SE 1	H370
STOT SE 3	H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### 2.2. Label elements

### **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger			
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	: H227 - Combust H301+H311 - To H314 - Causes s H317 - May caus H318 - Causes s H332 - Harmful i H335 - May caus H350 - May caus H370 - Causes o	oxic if swallowed evere skin burns e an allergic skir erious eye dama f inhaled se respiratory irrit se cancer	and eye damag reaction ge ation	
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	P210 - Keep awa P260 - Do not br P261 - Avoid bre P264 - Wash har P270 - Do not ea P271 - Use only P272 - Contamir	andle until all safe ay from heat, spa eathe dust, fume athing dust, fume athing dust, fume athing dust, fume athing dust, fume athing dust, fume athing a well-ventilate ated work clothing	ety precautions h rks, open flames , mist, spray, va e, mist, spray, va ter handling e when using this ed area ng must not be a	apors

Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

	<ul> <li>P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER</li> <li>P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting</li> <li>P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water</li> <li>P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing</li> <li>P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a doctor</li> <li>P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention</li> <li>P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER</li> <li>P312 - Call a POISON CENTER</li> <li>P330 - Rinse mouth</li> <li>P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention</li> <li>P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing</li> <li>P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and washbefore reuse</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse</li> <li>P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish</li> <li>P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed</li> <li>P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool</li> <li>P405 - Store locked up</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation.</li> </ul>
2.3. Other hazards	
other hazards which do not result in classification	: Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)	

No data available

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

### Not applicable

#### Mixture 3.2.

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Formaldehyde	(CAS No) 50-00-0	< 30	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335
Methyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	5- 17	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Ethyl formate	(CAS No) 109-94-4	< 0.15	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Oils, cedarwood, Texan	(CAS No) 68990-83-0	< 0.15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, see (show the label where possible). Call a doctor.	ek medical advice
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathir warm and rested. Seek medical attention immediately. If breathing stops, give a respiration. Transfer to hospital rapidly. Immediately call a doctor.	0 1
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Take off immediately clothing. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.	all contaminated
05/27/2015	EN (English)	2/10

Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

First-aid measures after eye contact	In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. Seek medical attention immediately. Transport to hospital.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a POISON CENTER. Give water or milk if the person is fully conscious. Take immediately victim to hospital. Seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
4.2. Most important symptoms and e	fects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes damage to organs.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Difficulty in breathing. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Death in extreme cases.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Absorbed through the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause severe burns. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Redness and pain. Impaired vision, watering of eyes, defects in the cornea. Burning sensation. Inflammation. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Swallowing can cause severe injury leading to death.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed 4.3.

#### No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1. Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.			
5.2. Special hazards arising from the sul	ostance or mixture			
Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.			
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.			
5.3. Advice for firefighters				
Firefighting instructions	: Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers or waterways. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.			
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.			
Other information	: Combustible liquid. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. On burning: release of carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide. unburned hydrocarbons. Formaldehyde.			
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures				

6.1. Personal precautions, protective ed	. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
General measures	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No naked lights. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.				
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel					
Protective equipment	: Wear suitable protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".				
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.				
6.1.2. For emergency responders					
Protective equipment	: Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.				
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.				
05/27/2015	EN (English) 3/10				

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Keep upwind of the spilled material and isolate exposure . Wear proper protective equipment. Do NOT touch spilled material. Cleanup personnel must be trained in the safe handling of this product. If possible ventilate area by means of non-sparking, grounded ventilation system. Spills may be absorbed on non-reactive absorbents such as vermiculite. Place cells into individual plastic bags and then place into appropriate containers and close tightly for disposal. Ensure that cleanup procedures do not expose spilled material to any moisture. Immediately transport closed containers outside. Contain large spillage with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Gather the product and place it in a spare container that has been suitably labelled. Store away from other materials. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Small spills may be flushed to a sanitary sewer with copious amounts of water, if in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Eliminate all sources of ignition, avoid sparks, flames and do not smoke in risk area. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed.
-------------------------	---

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Work in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors . Keep away from clothing as well as other incompatible materials. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Keep away from electrical, ventilating, lighting, and equipment No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Hygiene measures	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: A washing facility for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Ensure adequate ventilation. Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
Storage conditions	: Protect containers against physical damage. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Keep container tightly closed.
Incompatible materials	: Strong acids, bases. Oxidizing agents.
Heat and ignition sources	: Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

#### No additional information available

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. Control parameters

ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm			
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm			
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm			
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)				
ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.3 ppm			
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	0.75 ppm			
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	2 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1048)			
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)				
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm			
	ACGIH STEL (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) ACGIH Ceiling (ppm) OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm) OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)			

Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

	Ethyl formate (109-94-4)				
	USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	A) (mg/m³)		300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA	A) (ppm)		100 ppm
8	.2. Exposure controls				
	Appropriate engineering controls	:	of any potenti		afety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity adequate ventilation. Monitoring the effectiveness of
	Personal protective equipment	:	protection/gogg		r protective clothing, protective gloves, eye or certain operations, additional Personal Protection
	Hand protection	:		be chosen as a functi	gloves. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to on of the specific working place concentration and quantity
	Eye protection	:		should not be worn. Contact, irritation or injur	hemical goggles and face shields are required to prevent y.
	Skin and body protection	:	Long sleeved p	rotective clothing. Ove	rall. Rubber apron, boots. safety foot-wear.
	Respiratory protection	:	In case of insuf respirator.	ficient ventilation. Wea	r suitable respiratory equipment. Approved organic vapor
	Environmental exposure controls	3 :	Avoid discharge	e to the environment.	
	Other information	:	Do not eat, drin	k or smoke during use	

|--|

.1. Information on basic physical and o	chemical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear.
Color	: Reddish-orange
Odor	: Strong odor
Odor threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: 1
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 88 °C (192 °F )
Flash point	: 82 °C ( 180 °F )
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: 1
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.08 Specific Gravity
Solubility	: Water: completely soluble
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 6.7 - 72 vol %
.2. Other information	
VOC content	: 7%

### Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Unstable on exposure to heat. Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. Heat sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors. Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Formaldehyde.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	130.7 mg/l/4h (lit. ECHA)
ATE US (oral)	100.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	300.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (vapors)	3.0000000 mg/l/4h
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	270 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.578 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	100.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	270.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	700.0000000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)	
LD50 oral rat	1850 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	1850.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	4500.0000000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11.0000000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.5000000 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Causes damage to organs (optic nerve, central nervous system). May cause respiratory irritation
opeome larger organ lovicity (single exposure)	. Causes damage to organs (optic herve, central hervous system), way cause respiratory initiation

Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

5	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Harmful if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Difficulty in breathing. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Death in extreme cases.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Absorbed through the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause severe burns. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Redness and pain. Impaired vision, watering of eyes, defects in the cornea. Burning sensation. Inflammation. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Swallowing can cause severe injury leading to death.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 fishes 1	> 12700 mg/l 96 hours
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
LC50 fishes 1	22.6 - 25.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	2 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	1510 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.3 - 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
SPECIALIST	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
SPECIALIST	

SPECIALIST	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Log Pow	0.35 (at 25 °C)
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)	
BCF fish 1	(will not bioconcentrate)

#### Mobility in soil 12.4.

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects	
Effect on ozone layer	: No additional information available
Effect on the global warming	: No additional information available
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

Safety Data Sheet according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

<b>SECTION 13: Disposal considerations</b>	
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: It is the responsibility of the user to determine if disposal material is hazardous according to federal, state and local regulations. Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources. Do not re-use empty containers. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local and national regulations. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
In accordance with DOT	
Transport document description	: UN2209, Formaldehyde, solutions, 8, PGIII, ltd.qty.
Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive
	8
Packing group (DOT)	: 11
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 203
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 241
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 5L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Additional information	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
Transport by sea	
No additional information available	
Air transport	
No additional information available	
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. US Federal regulations	
SPECIALIST	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's L	ist of Lists) : 360 lb
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5000 lb

SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313	nces Control Act) inventory
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

#### 15.2. International regulations

### CANADA

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domest	ic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domest	ic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid

	<b>T</b> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	- Toxic material causing other toxic effects

#### **EU-Regulations**

ormaldehyde (50-00-0)	
sted on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)	
sification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] dditional information available	
sification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]	

No additional information available

#### **National regulations** 15.2.2.

#### Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1	1)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
	Yes			
Formaldehyde (50-00-0	))			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3

Yes

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor)Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 1Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2Flam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1Stin Sens. 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowedH311Toxic in contact with skin
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4Asp. Tox. 1Aspiration hazard, Category 1Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 1Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1Stor SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowed and enters airways
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4Asp. Tox. 1Aspiration hazard, Category 1Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2Flam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 1Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1Strot SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowed and enters airways
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4Asp. Tox. 1Aspiration hazard, Category 1Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1Eye Irrit. 2ASerious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 1BSkin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowed and enters airways
Asp. Tox. 1Aspiration hazard, Category 1Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1Eye Irrit. 2ASerious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 1Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Carc. 1ACarcinogenicity, Category 1AEye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1Eye Irrit. 2ASerious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 4Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquidH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Eye Dam. 1Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1Eye Irrit. 2ASerious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 4Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Eye Irrit. 2ASerious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2AFlam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 4Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquidH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flam. Liq. 2Flammable liquids Category 2Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 4Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Flam. Liq. 4Flammable liquids Category 4Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Skin Corr. 1BSkin corrosion/irritation Category 1BSkin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Skin Sens. 1Sensitisation — Skin, category 1STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
STOT SE 1Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
STOT SE 3Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H225Highly flammable liquid and vaporH227Combustible liquidH301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H227       Combustible liquid         H301       Toxic if swallowed         H302       Harmful if swallowed         H304       May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H301Toxic if swallowedH302Harmful if swallowedH304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H302     Harmful if swallowed       H304     May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311 Toxic in contact with skin
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318 Causes serious eye damage
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H331 Toxic if inhaled
H332 Harmful if inhaled
H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H350 May cause cancer
H370 Causes damage to organs

#### **HMIS III Rating**

Health Flammability Physical : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

: 2 Moderate Hazard

: 0 Minimal Hazard

### SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The information herein given is in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made, except that to the best of the Company's knowledge it is accurate. The Champion Company does not assume any legal responsibilities for use or dependence upon same. Customers may wish to conduct tests of their own. The user is urged to read the information provided on the label before using product.